

NAME&SURNAME:

A. Answer the following questions from 1-10 according to the first part of the lecture using your notes. Write your answers ON THE ANSWER SHEET. You have 13 minutes to answer the questions.

1. In the lecture, which of the following is **NOT** listed among the forces behind globalization?
 - A. Socio-cultural
 - B. Economic
 - C. Technological
 - D. International
2. How can the flow of goods, capital or services become easier? Through...
 - A. political and economic forces.
 - B. spread of technology and national borders.
 - C. barriers between nations and migration.
 - D. the removal of barriers between nations.
3. Which of the following is **NOT** one of the factors that turn national economies into the international economies?
 - A. Political and religious forces
 - B. Migration
 - C. Trade
 - D. Foreign direct investment
4. All of the following contributed to globalization during the early form of globalization **EXCEPT**...
 - A. traders.
 - B. workers.
 - C. armies.
 - D. explorers.
5. In the 17th century, globalization continued through...
 - A. technology and wars.
 - B. trade and knowledge.
 - C. culture and technology.
 - D. wars and trade.
6. One reason why globalization was achieved most successfully by the British is because they had (a) strong...
 - A. military.
 - B. ideals.
 - C. culture.
 - D. role.
7. Politicians planned modern globalization to increase...
 - A. financial order and international trade.
 - B. the chance of future war and financial order.
 - C. interdependence and prosperity.
 - D. prosperity and international institutions.
8. In _____, government representatives from _____ nations decided to found several international institutions.
 - A. 1934/ 44
 - B. 1944 / 44
 - C. 1934 / 34
 - D. 1944 / 34

B. Are the following sentences True or False according to the information you heard in the lecture? Write T for the true and F for the false statements on the answer sheet.

9. _____ An early global economy was established during the Roman Empire and the Islamic Golden Age
10. _____ The first era of globalization ended in the early 1930s.